

CONTENIDOS PENDIENTES DE 2º ESO. PRIMER TRIMESTRE.

MODULE 1.

GRAMMAR

PRESENT SIMPLE / PRESENT CONTINUOUS

THERE IS / THERE ARE

ARTICLES AND QUANTIFIERS

HOW MUCH / HOW MANY

SUBJECT / OBJECT QUESTIONS

VOCABULARY

ACTIVITIES

AROUND TOWN

TRANSPORT

MODULE 2.

GRAMMAR

PAST SIMPLE

USED TO

THERE WAS / THERE WERE

VOCABULARY

JOB

SCHOOL ITEMS

FAMILY

WRITING

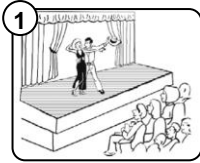
AN OPINION ABOUT YOUR CITY OR TOWN



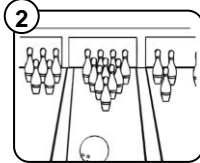
VOCABULARY

1 Write the activities under the correct pictures.

go camping | go ice skating | see a show | exercise
paint | go bowling



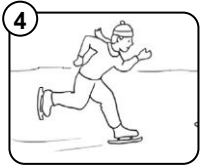
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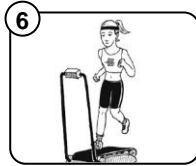
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2 Complete the words in the sentences.

- 1 Let's go in that cave and e I e.
- 2 Do you like to g a r d or do you prefer to travel in your own country?
- 3 Let's t k a t p. We can go to the mountains.
- 4 I don't like going running alone. I want to j n a g u
- 5 Many people t e t r of the different neighbourhoods in Paris every day.

3 Complete the survey questions with the words and phrases below. Then do the survey.

order pizza | go out | hiking | go sightseeing

Things You Do

- 1 Where do you prefer to with your friends?
a to the cinema b to the park c to the beach
- 2 Do you and your family often ?
a Yes. It's easy and delicious.
b Sometimes, but we prefer Chinese food.
c Never! We don't like it.
- 3 Do you like ?
a Yes, I love walking.
b Sometimes, when the weather is good.
c Not really, I prefer to stay indoors.
- 4 What's your favourite way to ?
a on a walking tour
b by bike
c by bus

GRAMMAR

4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- 1 My mum usually (order) pizza on my birthday.
- 2 We (explore) the city now.
- 3 Jo (not like) going camping.
- 4 Lara always (do) her homework after school.
- 5 My friends and I (not go out) right now.

5 Write sentences with the words below. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- 1 Jenny / go sightseeing / right now / .
.....
- 2 your grandmother / exercise / every day / ?
.....
- 3 my parents / enjoy / taking tours / of big cities / .
.....
- 4 you / paint / your room / now / ?
.....
- 5 Dave / not study / for the test / at the moment / .
.....

6 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

Hi Steve,

We are in London at the moment and we ^{1.} (have) a great time.
 The weather is nice. Believe it or not, it ^{2.} (not rain)! Once or twice
 a year, we ^{3.} (come) to this amazing city because my mother
^{4.} (love) the theatre here and my father ^{5.} (enjoy)
 going to the museums. I ^{6.} (like) London because it's got so many
 great restaurants. Right now, we are at the theatre and we ^{7.} (wait)
 for the show to begin. I ^{8.} (sit) next to my sister and, as usual, she
^{9.} (talk) on her phone to her boyfriend. I ^{10.}
 (not know) much about this show. It's a comedy and a musical called *School of
 Rock*, so I ^{11.} (hope) it's got some good rock music.

See you soon.

Mike

Send A |     

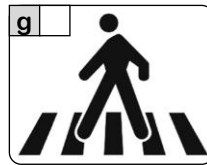
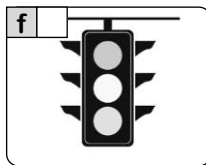
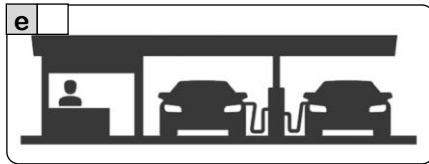
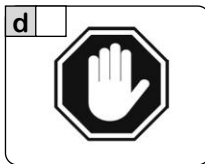
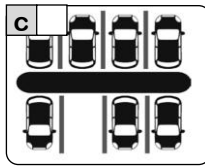
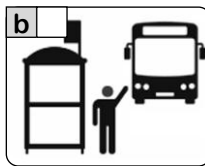
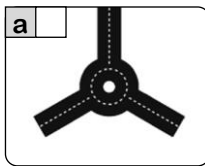
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VOCABULARY

1 Unscramble the words and phrases. Then match them to the pictures.

- 1 spot gnis
- 2 rabez sorcgins
- 3 tperlo tiosatn
- 4 sbu ptos
- 5 ffctai hgtli
- 6 unorabdotu
- 7 rca pkar



2 Complete the sentences with the words below.

playground | tourist information centre | market
pub | town square | bridge | corner | sights | factory

- 1 There is a over the river.
- 2 Children have fun in a
- 3 People make cars in a
- 4 You can buy a drink in a
- 5 There are a lot of interesting to see in Prague.
- 6 There are many restaurants and cafés in the
- 7 People go to the to get ideas of places to visit while they are on holiday.
- 8 Let's meet at the of Main Street and Newton Road.
- 9 They sell fruit and vegetables at the.....

GRAMMAR

3 Complete the sentences with *there is* or *there are* in the affirmative, negative or interrogative form.

- 1 over 2,000 bridges in New York.
- 2 a train from London to Paris?
- 3 a big statue in Trafalgar Square in London.
- 4 any cars on Strøget in Copenhagen. There are people walking.
- 5 any water in the river because of the drought.
- 6 many museums in Berlin?

4 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 There is **some** / **a** / **the** car park near the tourist information centre.
- 2 Is there **a** / **an** / **some** art gallery in the city?
- 3 There are **much** / **any** / **many** bus stops near the factory.
- 4 Are there **a** / **any** / **the** playgrounds nearby?
- 5 There are **some** / **an** / **any** statues in the town square.
- 6 **A** / **An** / **The** market isn't open today.
- 7 There are **a lot of** / **any** / **much** children in the playground.
- 8 There isn't **many** / **much** / **some** fruit in the shop – only apples and bananas.
- 9 There are **a** / **any** / **lots of** birds in the trees.

5 Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*. Then answer the questions and make the answers true for you.

- 1 students are there in your class?
.....
- 2 homework do you usually get?
.....
- 3 bedrooms are there in your house?
.....
- 4 water do you drink every day?
.....
- 5 pets have you got?
.....



VOCABULARY

1 Fill in the missing letters.**Forms of transport with two wheels**

1 e c i b k

2 m r e

3 h e b d

4 s r

Forms of transport with four wheels

5 t i

6 j e

7 m v

Form of transport with more than four wheels

8 l r

Forms of transport on water

9 s p

10 f r

11 b a

Forms of transport in air

12 a p n

13 h c t

Forms of public transport

14 t i

15 u d g n

16 t r

2 Choose the correct answer.1 Sam **sails** / **drives** / **rides** his boat in the sea.2 My friends and I **drive** / **take** / **sail** the bus to school.3 My uncle **drives** / **takes** / **rides** a scooter.4 Jenny's dad **sails** / **drives** / **rides** us to school in his car.**3** Complete the sentences with the words from Exercises 1 and 2.

1 My mum the train to work every day.

2 My friend's dad drives a He delivers food to the supermarkets.

3 You stand on a and you can take it with you wherever you go.

4 People often fly in an when they want to go abroad.

5 We are travelling from island to island in a small

6 My aunt and uncle bought a because they have got five children.

GRAMMAR

4 Complete the questions below. Use *who*, *what*, *where* or *when*. Match the questions to the answers.

- 1 do you usually do after school?
- 2 rides a motorbike?
- 3 type of transport sails on the water?
- 4 does the flight leave?
- 5 does Kate want to go?

- **a** my brother
 **b** in two hours
 **c** to the party
 **d** my homework
 **e** a boat

5 Write questions using the words below. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- 1 what / she / paint / at the moment

- 2 who / usually / take / the underground / to school

- 3 where / you / meet / your friend / now

- 4 who / ride / an electric bike / to school / right now

- 5 how often / you / go / to the cinema

6 Complete the dialogue about going to school. Write questions according to the answers in bold.

- A: ^{1.}
 B: **My brother** travels to school by bus every day.
 A: ^{2.}
 B: He leaves **at 7.30 am** to go to school.
 A: ^{3.}
 B: **His friend Josh** sometimes goes with him.
 A: ^{4.}
 B: Josh goes with him **twice a week**.
 A: ^{5.}
 B: My brother meets him **at the café**.
 A: ^{6.}
 B: They usually buy **a sandwich** at the café.

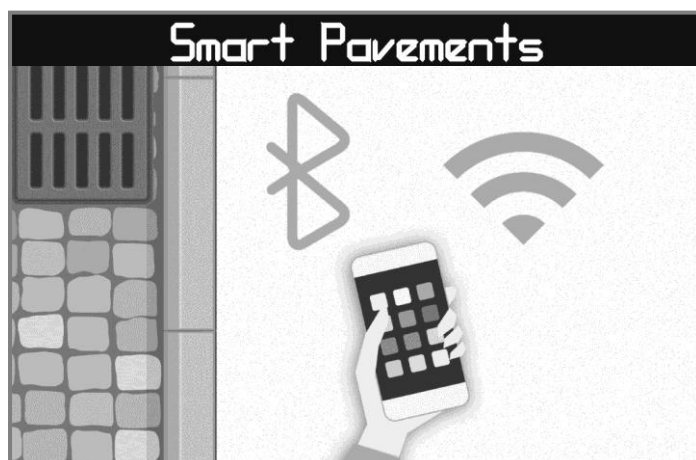


WRITTEN COMPREHENSION (20 points)

understand main idea • understand relevant details

1

Read the **article**. Then tick (✓) the sentences true (T) or false (F). (8 points)



Imagine asking the pavement for directions and getting a reply. This sounds like a scene from a fantasy film, but now it's really possible. The Vía Inteligente company in Spain is developing an amazing new technology – the iPavement. This invention can help tourists visiting big cities.

How does the iPavement work? It uses special materials with Wi-Fi and Bluetooth connectivity. The company is also creating special apps. With this new technology, instead of going to tourist information centres, visitors can get information about places around them. Some apps can help people find shops, restaurants, banks and other services. Some apps give information about the underground, train, tram and bus routes, so visitors can explore the city easily. Vía Inteligente also wants to help local businesses. So, when people pass a restaurant, an app sends a message about the menu and gives incentives to people to go and eat there. The technology can collect information about people, too. There are sensors to count the number of people on the pavement in different areas. Municipalities can use this type of information to plan new streets and services for residents and visitors.

	T	F
1 The text is about a film.		
2 Visitors must first go to tourist information centres to use iPavement.		
3 The technology helps people find banks.		
4 The apps give transport information.		

2 Complete the sentences. (12 points)

- 1 The Vía Inteligente company is in
- 2 The iPavement works in
- 3 The iPavement connects to
- 4 The new technology helps and
- 5 Sensors can collect information about the
- 6 Municipalities can use iPavement to

**WRITTEN PRODUCTION (10 points)****Task 1: An opinion about your city or town**

describe a place

Write an opinion about your city or town. Include the following:

- a the name of the city / town
- b general information
- c your opinion of the place
- d examples to support your opinion



VOCABULARY

1 Find eight jobs in the puzzle below.

l	s	d	r	o	h	j	d	f	a	i	v	c
i	p	a	i	n	t	e	r	f	t	s	o	l
b	r	h	b	r	c	s	i	n	g	e	r	e
r	i	o	v	a	z	a	v	y	r	t	i	a
a	h	a	i	r	d	r	e	s	s	e	r	n
r	e	r	h	a	c	t	r	o	n	o	a	e
i	s	o	a	r	i	a	i	b	l	z	t	r
a	i	s	a	l	e	s	p	e	r	s	o	n
n	f	i	r	e	f	i	g	h	t	e	r	y

2 The words in bold are in the wrong sentences. Write them next to the correct sentences.

- 1 The **artist** served us food at the restaurant.
- 2 The **businessperson** fixed my car yesterday.
- 3 The talented **secretary** draws beautiful pictures.
- 4 A **musician** works in a hospital.
- 5 The **waiter** answers the phone in the office.
- 6 Tim is a **mechanic** and he plays three instruments.
- 7 A rich **nurse** bought the company for \$1billion.

3 Complete the sentences with the words below.

astronaut | pilot | dentist | photographer | author
tour guide | actor | footballer

- 1 Daniel Radcliffe is a British He was in the *Harry Potter* films.
- 2 Sam went to the yesterday because his tooth hurt.
- 3 The showed us around the city.
- 4 Neil Armstrong was the first to walk on the moon.
- 5 The newspaper sent a to take pictures of the school event.
- 6 Bob works as a for the airline British Airways.
- 7 The famous David Beckham scored 85 goals for Manchester United.
- 8 Charles Dickens was a British Two of his famous books are *Oliver Twist* and *A Tale of Two Cities*.

GRAMMAR

4 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple.

- 1 My dad (drive) me to school yesterday.
- 2 The cleaner (not clean) our classroom last week.
- 3 Why Tom (leave) school early yesterday?
- 4 I (not go) to the cinema last night.
- 5 Jenny (write) her first children's book last year.

5 Write questions with the words below. Use the Past Simple. Then match them to the correct answer.

- 1 where / the tour guide / take the group / yesterday
.....
- 2 the singer / sing / your favourite song / last night
.....
- 3 how many / goals / the footballer / score / last week
.....
- 4 how much / the painting / cost
.....
- 5 what / you / have / for dinner / last night
.....

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| a two | d Yes |
| b burgers and chips | e £100 |
| c to a market and a museum | |

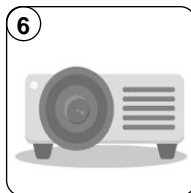
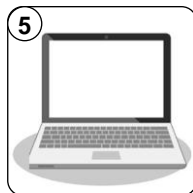
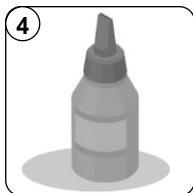
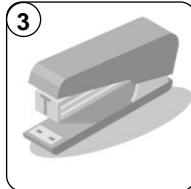
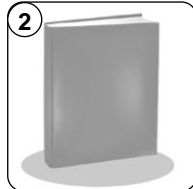
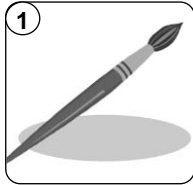
6 Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the Past Simple.

Many women ^{1.} (help) Britain fight World War II, including Queen Elizabeth II, although she wasn't queen at the time. Elizabeth ^{2.} (work) as a mechanic during World War II. She ^{3.} (want) to help Britain in this hard time, so she ^{4.} (decide) to volunteer for the military. Her father, the king, ^{5.} (not like) this idea, but he eventually ^{6.} (agree). As a mechanic and a driver, Elizabeth ^{7.} (fix) cars and ^{8.} (drive) ambulances and other vehicles. But, she ^{9.} (not sleep) in the same place as the other volunteers. She ^{10.} (go) home to Windsor Castle each night and ^{11.} (return) to work every morning.

VOCABULARY

1 Unscramble the words and write them under the correct pictures.

ugel | prstlea | paplto | okoxettb | sbapnituhr | tojcrpoe



2 Choose the correct answer to show you understand the meaning of the words in bold.

- 1 Singers / Hairdressers / Cleaners use **scissors** to do their work.
- 2 You use a **compass** to draw circles / triangles / rectangles.
- 3 You often eat / play / write on a **whiteboard**.
- 4 A **dictionary** tells us the meaning of a word / where a country is / when events happened.
- 5 We often use an **atlas** in sport / literature / geography lessons.
- 6 You can use a **map** to find a train / place / kitchen.

3 Complete the sentences with the words below.

tablets | flash drive | paints | microscope | calculator

- 1 Tim finished his project and saved it on a
- 2 My really helps me solve maths problems.
- 3 Some students have got to search for things online.
- 4 In my science lesson, I used a to look at very small things.
- 5 What kind of are you using in your art lessons now?

GRAMMAR

4 Complete the sentences about some of the differences between primary and secondary school. Use the verbs in brackets and *used to*.

- 1 I (study) subjects like English, maths and history at primary school.
I (not learn) any other languages. Now, I'm learning French.
- 2 We (not move) from one classroom to another. We
(stay) in the same classroom all day. In secondary school, there are different classrooms for different subjects.
- 3 I (get) some homework to do in primary school. I
(not spend) too much time doing my homework. Now, we get a lot more work, and it takes a long time to do my homework.
- 4 We (not start) before 9.00 am. We (have) shorter
days. Now, I arrive at school at around 8.00 am and I leave at about 5.00 pm.

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the affirmative or negative form of *used to*.

study | go | wear | enjoy | teach

- 1 My dad to the same school as me. He went to a different school.
- 2 My grandma history in my school, but she stopped working last year.
- 3 I English twice a week, but now I've got three lessons a week.
- 4 John doing sport, but now he really likes playing tennis.
- 5 Sarah a school uniform, but now she doesn't.

6 Write questions with the words below and *used to*. Then answer the questions so they are true for you.

- 1 your father / play / football

.....
.....

- 2 which subjects / you / like / in primary school

.....
.....

- 3 where / your mother / live / as a child

.....
.....

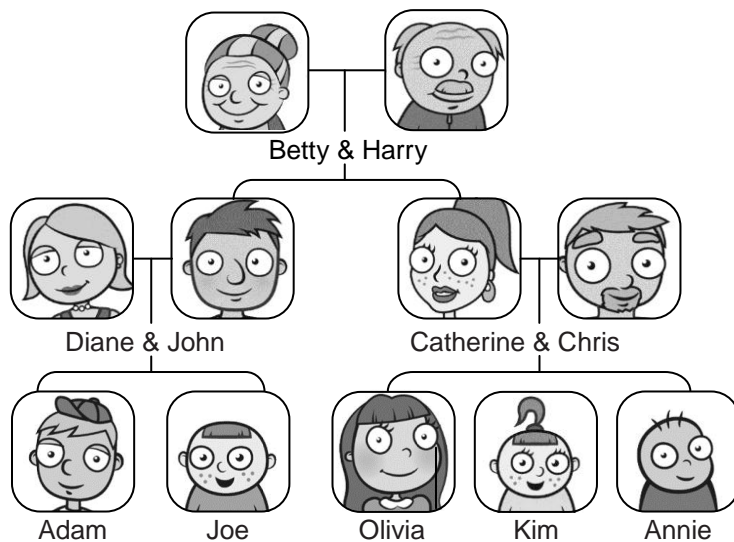
- 4 how / you / get / to primary school

.....
.....

VOCABULARY

- 1** Look at the family tree and complete the description of Betty and Harry's family. Use the words below.

grandsons | nieces | husband | granddaughters
son | wife | nephews | daughter



Betty and Harry have got two children. They've got one ¹ – John, and one ² – Catherine. Diane is John's ³ and Chris is Catherine's ⁴ Betty and Harry have got two ⁵ – Adam and Joe, and three ⁶ – Olivia, Kim and Annie. Adam and Joe are Catherine's ⁷ Olivia, Kim and Annie are John's ⁸

- 2** Find and circle the family words. Then complete the sentences about Lucy's family with these words.

daughter stepfather parents stepson grandparents stepmother stepdaughter

- 1 Sally is married to Lucy's dad. Sally is Lucy's
- 2 Lucy is Sally's
- 3 Lucy's brother Luke is Sally's
- 4 Sally has got a son called Josh. Lucy's dad is his
- 5 Sally and Lucy's dad have got a Her name is Lily.
- 6 Sally and Lucy's dad are Lily's
- 7 Lucy's dad's parents are called Martin and Emily. They are Lucy's

GRAMMAR

3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 **There were** / **There was** / **There wasn't** 30 people in my class last year.
- 2 **There were** / **There weren't** / **There was** a long queue in the supermarket.
- 3 **There weren't** / **There was** / **There wasn't** any chocolate in my house.
- 4 **There weren't** / **There were** / **There wasn't** any children in the restaurant.
- 5 **There weren't** / **There was** / **There were** a family meal for my birthday yesterday.

4 Complete the questions below. Use *Was there* or *Were there*. Then match the questions to the correct answers.

- 1 a lot of people on the beach?
- 2 a restaurant on the beach?
- 3 a girl playing on the sand?
- 4 a lot of children in the sea?
- 5 any chocolate ice cream in the shop?

- **a** No, she was in the sea.
- **b** Yes, they swam and played in the water.
- **c** Yes, many families with little children.
- **d** No, they only had vanilla.
- **e** Yes, we ate pizza there.

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *there was*, *there were*, *used to*, or the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 Kate (live) in Manchester, but her family (move) to Liverpool two years ago.
- 2 many people at your grandparents' party last night? you (eat) a lot of cake?
- 3 We (not go) to our favourite restaurant last Saturday because a birthday party for someone that night.
- 4 I (not eat) vegetables when I was young because many fresh vegetables at our market. Now, I have them at every meal.